Before the UNITED STATES COPYRIGHT ROYALTY JUDGES Washington, D.C.

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In re

Determination of Royalty Rates and Terms for Ephemeral Recordings and Digital Performance of Sound Recordings (Web IV) FEB 2 / 2015

Docket No. 2014-CRB-0001-WBpyright Royaliy Coard

(2016-2020)

JOINT MOTION TO ADOPT PARTIAL SETTLEMENT

SoundExchange, Inc. ("SoundExchange"), National Public Radio, Inc. ("NPR") and the Corporation for Public Broadcasting ("CPB") (collectively the "Parties") have reached a partial settlement of the above-captioned proceeding (the "Proceeding") for certain internet transmissions by NPR, American Public Media, Public Radio International, Public Radio Exchange, and certain public radio stations ("Covered Entities"). The Parties are pleased to submit the attached proposed regulatory language (the "Settlement") for publication in the *Federal Register* for notice and comment in accordance with 17 U.S.C. § 801(b)(7)(A) and 37 C.F.R. § 351.2(b)(2). The Parties respectfully request that the Judges promptly adopt the Settlement in its entirety as a settlement of rates and terms under Sections 112(e) and 114 of the Copyright Act for eligible transmissions made by Covered Entities through their websites, and related ephemeral recordings, as more specifically set forth in the Settlement. The Parties further request that the Judges endeavor to determine before the hearing in this Proceeding (set to begin on April 27, 2015) whether or not they will adopt the Settlement.

I. The Parties

SoundExchange and NPR both filed petitions to participate in this Proceeding.

SoundExchange is a nonprofit organization that is jointly controlled by representatives of both sound recording copyright owners and performers. SoundExchange has about 18,000 rights owner members and more than 40,000 artist members. The Copyright Royalty Judges have also designated SoundExchange as the collective to receive and distribute royalties under Sections 112(e) and 114 on behalf of all copyright owners and performers.

NPR is the leading membership and representation organization for public radio. It is a nonprofit membership corporation that produces and distributes noncommercial programming through public radio stations nationwide. NPR member stations are also significant producers of local, regional and national news content, as well as music and other specialized programming.

CPB is a private, nonprofit entity that was founded by Congress and is funded by the federal government. CPB is the largest single source of funding for public radio, television and related online and mobile services. CPB provides significant funding to Covered Entities and will pay all royalties under the Settlement.

II. Nature of the Settlement

Public radio consists of a unique set of entities, and has a unique history, organizational structure and funding model. Among other things, public radio receives substantial funding from CPB. Through CPB, the federal government has always paid sound recording royalties for public radio. As a result, public radio presents unique business, economic and political circumstances unlike other participants in this Proceeding or the marketplace.

Due to these unique circumstances, there is a long history of rate settlements between SoundExchange and NPR/CPB. The Settlement continues the structure of previous settlements

while increasing the payment to be made by CPB. Because the Settlement applies to only a closed group of licensees, and has only a single payor (CPB), the Settlement is being submitted to the Judges for adoption as a statutory rate and terms only so that it will be binding on all copyright owners and performers, including those that are not members of SoundExchange. *See* 17 U.S.C. § 114(f)(2)(B).

Previous settlements between SoundExchange and NPR/CPB have also provided for significant consolidated reporting of usage by Covered Entities through CPB in a manner that takes into account the unique organizational structure of public radio. The parties have separately agreed to continue their prior reporting arrangements with certain changes in detail. In view of the Judges' statements that SoundExchange and licensees may agree among themselves to vary the reporting requirements under applicable regulations, ¹ and that the Judges do not wish to codify in the *Code of Federal Regulations* arrangements pertinent only to specific licensees, ² the Parties have not included the details of their agreed-upon reporting arrangements in the Settlement submitted with this motion. However, the Judges should understand that, at least through 2020, the Parties have agreed upon reporting arrangements that address the concerns previously expressed by NPR in Docket No. 14-CRB-0005 RM.

¹ Notice and Recordkeeping for Use of Sound Recordings Under Statutory License, 74 Fed. Reg. 52,418, 52,419 (Oct. 13, 2009) ("digital audio services are free to negotiate other formats and technical standards for data maintenance and delivery and may use those in lieu of regulations adopted by the Judges, upon agreement with the Collective"); Notice and Recordkeeping for Use of Sound Recordings Under Statutory License, 71 Fed. Reg. 59,010, 59,012 (Oct. 6, 2006) ("copyright owners and services are always free to negotiate different format and delivery requirements that suit their particular needs and situations").

² 74 Fed. Reg. at 52,419 ("We have no intention of codifying these negotiated variances in the future unless and until they come into such standardized use as to effectively supersede the existing regulations.").

III. Prompt Adoption of the Settlement by the Copyright Royalty Judges

Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 80l(b)(7)(A), the Copyright Royalty Judges have the authority "[t]o adopt as a basis for statutory terms and rates . . . an agreement concerning such matters reached among some or all of the participants in a proceeding at any time during the proceeding." Such an agreement may serve as the basis of proposed regulations if other interested parties who "would be bound by the terms, rates or other determination" set by the agreement are afforded "an opportunity to comment on the agreement," *id.* § 801(b)(7)(A)(i), and provided that, in the event a participant in the proceeding who would be bound by the settlement raises an objection, the Judges conclude that the rates and terms set forth in the settlement agreement "provide a reasonable basis for setting statutory terms or rates." *Id.* § 801(b)(7)(A)(ii).

Encouraging settlements was a key goal of Congress when it adopted the current ratesetting procedures. H. Rep. No. 108-408, at 30 (Jan. 30, 2004) ("the Committee intends that the bill as reported will facilitate and encourage settlement agreements for determining royalty rates"). Congress desired that royalty rates and terms be established by settlement, rather than litigation, whenever possible, to "reduce[] the need to conduct full-fledged ratesetting . . . proceedings" and thus "generate savings while expediting the disposition of proceedings." H. Rep. No. 108-408, at 24.

The hearing in this Proceeding is set to begin on April 27, 2015. Knowing by that time whether or not the Judges will adopt the Settlement not only will allow the Parties to conserve their resources, but also will streamline the hearing to the benefit of the Judges and the other participants. Accordingly, the Parties respectfully request that the Judges publish the Settlement for comment, and promptly adopt the Settlement in its entirety as the statutory rates and terms

for Eligible Transmissions by Covered Entities for the period 2016-2020. The Parties specifically request that the Judges endeavor to decide before the hearing in this Proceeding whether or not they will adopt the Settlement.

Dated: February 23, 2015

Respectfully submitted,

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ATTACHMENT PROPOSED REGULATIONS

[Note: For convenience of reference, the Parties have styled these proposed regulations as a new Subpart D to appear at the end of 37 C.F.R. Part 380 and use section numbering similar to current Subparts A through C. These proposed regulations ultimately should be located wherever makes sense given the Judges' final determination in this proceeding, with the section references adjusted as necessary.]

Subpart D — Certain Transmissions by Public Broadcasting Entities

§380.30 — General.

§380.31 — Definitions.

\$380.32 — Royalty fees for the public performance of sound recordings and for ephemeral recordings.

§380.33 — Terms for making payment of royalty fees and statements of account.

§380.34 — Confidential Information.

§380.35 — Verification of royalty payments.

§380.36 — Verification of royalty distributions.

§380.37 — Unclaimed funds.

Subpart D—Certain Transmissions by Public Broadcasting Entities

§380.30 — General.

- (a) Scope. This subpart establishes rates and terms of royalty payments for the public performance of sound recordings in certain digital transmissions, through Authorized Web Sites, by means of Web Site Performances, by certain Covered Entities as set forth in this subpart in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 114, and the making of Ephemeral Recordings by Covered Entities in accordance with the provisions of 17 U.S.C. 112(e) solely as necessary to encode Sound Recordings in different formats and at different bit rates as necessary to facilitate Web Site Performances, during the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2020. The provisions of this subpart shall apply to the Covered Entities in lieu of other rates and terms applicable under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114.
- (b) Legal compliance. Licensees relying upon the statutory licenses set forth in 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114 shall comply with the requirements of those sections, the rates and terms of this subpart, and any other applicable regulations.
- (c) Relationship to voluntary agreements. Notwithstanding the royalty rates and terms established in this subpart, the rates and terms of any license agreements entered into by Copyright Owners and Licensees shall apply in lieu of the rates and terms of this subpart to transmission within the scope of such agreements.

§380.31 — Definitions.

For purposes of this subpart, the following definitions shall apply:

Aggregate Tuning Hours (ATH) means the total hours of programming that Covered Entities have transmitted during the relevant period to all listeners within the United States from all Covered Entities that provide audio programming consisting, in whole or in part, of Web Site Performances, less the actual running time of any sound recordings for which the Covered Entity has obtained direct licenses apart from this Agreement. By way of example, if a Covered Entity transmitted one hour of programming to ten (10) simultaneous listeners, the Covered Entity's Aggregate Tuning Hours would equal ten (10). If three (3) minutes of that hour consisted of transmission of a directly licensed recording, the Covered Entity's Aggregate Tuning Hours would equal nine (9) hours and thirty (30) minutes. As an additional example, if one listener listened to a Covered Entity for ten (10) hours (and none of the recordings transmitted during that time was directly licensed), the Covered Entity's Aggregate Tuning Hours would equal 10.

Authorized Web Site is any Web Site operated by or on behalf of any Covered Entity that is accessed by Web Site Users through a Uniform Resource Locator ("URL") owned by such Covered Entity and through which Web Site Performances are made by such Covered Entity.

CPB is the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.

Collective is the collection and distribution organization that is designated by the Copyright Royalty Judges. For the 2016-2020 license period, the Collective is SoundExchange, Inc.

Copyright Owners are Sound Recording copyright owners who are entitled to royalty payments made under this subpart pursuant to the statutory licenses under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114(f).

Covered Entities are NPR, American Public Media, Public Radio International, and Public Radio Exchange, and up to 530 Originating Public Radio Stations as named by CPB. CPB shall notify SoundExchange annually of the eligible Originating Public Radio Stations to be considered Covered Entities hereunder (subject to the numerical limitations set forth herein). The number of Originating Public Radio Stations treated hereunder as Covered Entities shall not exceed 530 for a given year without SoundExchange's express written approval, except that CPB shall have the option to increase the number of Originating Public Radio Stations that may be considered Covered Entities as provided in section 380.32(c).

Ephemeral Phonorecords are Phonorecords of all or any portion of any Sound Recordings; provided that: (i) such Phonorecords are limited solely to those necessary to encode Sound Recordings in different formats and at different bit rates as necessary to facilitate Web Site Performances covered by this subpart; (ii) such Phonorecords are made in strict conformity with the provisions set forth in 17 U.S.C. 112(e)(1)(A)-(D); and (iii) the Covered Entities comply with 17 U.S.C. 112(a) and (e) and all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

Music ATH is ATH of Web Site Performances of Sound Recordings of musical works.

NPR is National Public Radio, Inc.

Originating Public Radio Station is a noncommercial terrestrial radio broadcast station that (i) is licensed as such by the Federal Communications Commission; (ii) originates programming and is not solely a repeater station; (iii) is a member or affiliate of NPR, American Public Media, Public Radio International, or Public Radio Exchange, a member of the National Federation of Community Broadcasters, or another public radio station that is qualified to receive funding from CPB pursuant to its criteria; (iv) qualifies as a "noncommercial webcaster" under 17 U.S.C. 114(f)(5)(E)(i); and (v) either (a) offers Web Site Performances only as part of the mission that entitles it to be exempt from taxation under section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 501), or (b) in the case of a governmental entity (including a Native American Tribal governmental entity), is operated exclusively for public purposes.

Performers means the independent administrators identified in 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(2)(B) and (C) and the individuals and entities identified in 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(2)(D).

Person is a natural person, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, a trust, a joint venture, any governmental authority or any other entity or organization.

Phonorecords have the meaning set forth in 17 U.S.C. 101.

Qualified Auditor is a Certified Public Accountant, or a person, who by virtue of education or experience, is appropriately qualified to perform an audit to verify royalty payments related to performances of sound recordings.

Side Channel is any Internet-only program available on an Authorized Web Site or an archived program on such Authorized Web Site that, in either case, conforms to all applicable requirements under 17 U.S.C. 114.

Sound Recording has the meaning set forth in 17 U.S.C. 101.

Term is the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2020.

Web Site is a site located on the World Wide Web that can be located by a Web Site User through a principal URL.

Web Site Performances are all public performances by means of digital audio transmissions of Sound Recordings, including the transmission of any portion of any Sound Recording, made through an Authorized Web Site in accordance with all requirements of 17 U.S.C. 114, from servers used by a Covered Entity (provided that the Covered Entity controls the content of all materials transmitted by the server), or by a contractor authorized pursuant to Section 380.32(f), that consist of either (i) the retransmission of a Covered Entity's over-the-air terrestrial radio programming or (ii) the digital transmission of nonsubscription Side Channels that are programmed and controlled by the Covered Entity. This term does not include digital audio transmissions made by any other means.

Web Site Users are all those who access or receive Web Site Performances or who access any Authorized Web Site.

$\S 380.32$ — Royalty fees for the public performance of sound recordings and for ephemeral recordings.

- (a) Royalty Rates. The total license fee for all Web Site Performances by Covered Entities during the Term, up to a total Music ATH of 285,132,065 per calendar year, and Ephemeral Phonorecords made by Covered Entities solely to facilitate such Web Site Performances, during the Term shall be \$2,800,000 (the "License Fee"), unless additional payments are required as described in subsection (c).
- (b) Calculation of License Fee. It is understood that the License Fee includes: (i) an annual minimum fee of \$500 for each Covered Entity for each year during the Term; (ii) additional usage fees for certain Covered Entities; and (iii) a discount that reflects the administrative convenience to the Collective of receiving annual lump sum payments that cover a large number of separate entities, as well as the protection from bad debt that arises from being paid in advance.
- (c) Increase in Covered Entities. If the total number of Originating Public Radio Stations that wish to make Web Site Performances in any calendar year exceeds the number of such Originating Public Radio Stations considered Covered Entities in the relevant year, and the excess Originating Public Radio Stations do not wish to pay royalties for such Web Site Performances apart from this subpart, CPB may elect by written notice to the Collective to increase the number of Originating Public Radio Stations considered Covered Entities in the relevant year effective as of the date of the notice. To the extent of any such elections, CPB shall make an additional payment to the Collective for each calendar year or part thereof it elects to have an additional Originating Public Radio Station considered a Covered Entity, in the amount of \$500 per Originating Public Radio Station per year. Such payment shall accompany the notice electing to have an additional Originating Public Radio Station considered a Covered Entity.
- (d) Ephemeral recordings. The royalty payable under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) for the making of all Ephemeral Recordings used by Covered Entities solely to facilitate Web Site Performances for which royalties are paid pursuant to this subpart shall be included within, and constitute 5% of, the total royalties payable under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114.
- (e) Effect of Non-Performance by Any Covered Entity. In the event that any Covered Entity violates any of the material provisions of 17 U.S.C. 112(e) or 114 or this subpart that it is required to perform, the remedies of the Collective shall be specific to that Covered Entity only, and shall include, without limitation, termination of that Covered Entity's right to be treated as a Covered Entity hereunder upon written notice to CPB. The Collective and Copyright Owners also shall have whatever rights may be available to them against that Covered Entity under applicable law. The Collective's remedies for such a breach or failure by an individual Covered Entity shall not include termination of the rights of other Covered Entities to be treated as Covered Entities hereunder, except that if CPB fails to pay the License Fee or otherwise fails to

perform any of the material provisions of this subpart, or such a breach or failure by a Covered Entity results from CPB's inducement, and CPB does not cure such breach or failure within 30 days after receiving notice thereof from the Collective, then the Collective may terminate the right of all Covered Entities to be treated as Covered Entities hereunder upon written notice to CPB. In such a case, a prorated portion of the License Fee for the remainder Term (to the extent paid by CPB) shall, after deduction of any damages payable to the Collective by virtue of the breach or failure, be credited to statutory royalty obligations of Covered Entities to the Collective for the Term as specified by CPB.

(f) Use of Contractors. The right to rely on this subpart is limited to Covered Entities, except that a Covered Entity may employ the services of a third Person to provide the technical services and equipment necessary to deliver Web Site Performances on behalf of such Covered Entity, but only through an Authorized Web Site. Any agreement between a Covered Entity and any third Person for such services shall (i) obligate such third Person to provide all such services in accordance with all applicable provisions of the statutory licenses and this subpart; (ii) specify that such third Person shall have no right to make Web Site Performances or any other performances or Phonorecords on its own behalf or on behalf of any Person or entity other than a Covered Entity through the Covered Entity's Authorized Web Site by virtue of its services for the Covered Entity, including in the case of Phonorecords, pre-encoding or otherwise establishing a library of Sound Recordings that it offers to a Covered Entity or others for purposes of making performances, but instead must obtain all necessary licenses from the Collective, the copyright owner or another duly authorized Person, as the case may be; (iii) specify that such third Person shall have no right to grant any sublicenses under the statutory licenses; and (iv) provide that the Collective is an intended third-party beneficiary of all such obligations with the right to enforce a breach thereof against such third Person.

§380.33 — Terms for making payment of royalty fees and statements of account.

- (a) *Payment to the Collective*. CPB shall pay the License Fee to the Collective in five equal installments of \$560,000 each, which shall be due December 31, 2015 and annually thereafter through December 31, 2019.
- (b) Designation of the Collective. (1) Until such time as a new designation is made, SoundExchange, Inc., is designated as the Collective to receive statements of account and royalty payments for Covered Entities under this subpart and to distribute such royalty payments to each Copyright Owner and Performer, or their designated agents, entitled to receive royalties under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) or 114(g).
- (2) If SoundExchange, Inc. should dissolve or cease to be governed by a board consisting of equal numbers of representatives of Copyright Owners and Performers, then it shall be replaced by a successor Collective upon the fulfillment of the requirements set forth in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section.
- (i) By a majority vote of the nine Copyright Owner representatives and the nine Performer representatives on the SoundExchange board as of the last day preceding the condition precedent in this paragraph (b)(2), such representatives shall file a petition with the Copyright Royalty

Judges designating a successor to collect and distribute royalty payments to Copyright Owners and Performers entitled to receive royalties under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) or 114(g) that have themselves authorized the Collective.

- (ii) The Copyright Royalty Judges shall publish in the Federal Register within 30 days of receipt of a petition filed under paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section an order designating the Collective named in such petition.
- (c) Reporting. CPB and Covered Entities shall submit reports of use and other information concerning Web Site Performances as agreed upon with the Collective.
- (d) Late Payments and Statements of Account. A Licensee shall pay a late fee of 1.5% per month, or the highest lawful rate, whichever is lower, for any payment and/or statement of account received by the Collective after the due date. Late fees shall accrue from the due date until payment and the related statement of account are received by the Collective.
- (e) Distribution of royalties. (1) The Collective shall promptly distribute royalties received from CPB to Copyright Owners and Performers, or their designated agents, that are entitled to such royalties. The Collective shall only be responsible for making distributions to those Copyright Owners, Performers, or their designated agents who provide the Collective with such information as is necessary to identify the correct recipient. The Collective shall distribute royalties on a basis that values all Web Site Performances by Covered Entities equally based upon the reporting information provided by CPB/NPR.
- (2) If the Collective is unable to locate a Copyright Owner or Performer entitled to a distribution of royalties under paragraph (e)(1) of the section within 3 years from the date of payment by a Licensee, such royalties shall be handled in accordance with §380.37.
- (f) Retention of Records. Books and records of CPB and Covered Entities and of the Collective relating to payments of and distributions of royalties shall be kept for a period of not less than the prior 3 calendar years.

§380.34 — Confidential Information.

- (a) Definition. For purposes of this subpart, "Confidential Information" shall include the statements of account and any information contained therein, including the amount of royalty payments, and any information pertaining to the statements of account reasonably designated as confidential by the Licensee submitting the statement.
- (b) *Exclusion*. Confidential Information shall not include documents or information that at the time of delivery to the Collective are public knowledge, or documents or information that become publicly known through no fault of the Collective or are known by the Collective when disclosed by CPB/NPR. The party claiming the benefit of this provision shall have the burden of proving that the disclosed information was public knowledge.

- (c) Use of Confidential Information. In no event shall the Collective use any Confidential Information for any purpose other than royalty collection and distribution and activities related directly thereto and enforcement of the terms of the statutory licenses.
- (d) Disclosure of Confidential Information. Access to Confidential Information shall be limited to:
- (1) Those employees, agents, attorneys, consultants and independent contractors of the Collective, subject to an appropriate confidentiality agreement, who are engaged in the collection and distribution of royalty payments hereunder and activities related thereto, for the purpose of performing such duties during the ordinary course of their work and who require access to the Confidential Information;
- (2) An independent and Qualified Auditor, subject to an appropriate confidentiality agreement, who is authorized to act on behalf of the Collective with respect to verification of a Licensee's statement of account pursuant to §380.35 or on behalf of a Copyright Owner or Performer with respect to the verification of royalty distributions pursuant to §380.36;
- (3) Copyright Owners and Performers, including their designated agents, whose works have been used under the statutory licenses set forth in 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114 by the Licensee whose Confidential Information is being supplied, subject to an appropriate confidentiality agreement, and including those employees, agents, attorneys, consultants and independent contractors of such Copyright Owners and Performers and their designated agents, subject to an appropriate confidentiality agreement, for the purpose of performing their duties during the ordinary course of their work and who require access to the Confidential Information; and
- (4) In connection with future proceedings under 17 U.S.C. 112(e) and 114 before the Copyright Royalty Judges, and under an appropriate protective order, attorneys, consultants and other authorized agents of the parties to the proceedings or the courts, subject to the provisions of any relevant agreements restricting the activities of CPB, Covered Entities or the Collective in such proceedings.
- (e) Safeguarding of Confidential Information. The Collective and any person identified in paragraph (d) of this section shall implement procedures to safeguard against unauthorized access to or dissemination of any Confidential Information using a reasonable standard of care, but no less than the same degree of security used to protect Confidential Information or similarly sensitive information belonging to the Collective or person.

§380.35 — Verification of royalty payments.

- (a) *General*. This section prescribes procedures by which the Collective may verify the royalty payments made by CPB.
- (b) Frequency of verification. The Collective may conduct a single audit of any Covered Entities, upon reasonable notice and during reasonable business hours, during any given calendar year, for

any or all of the prior 3 calendar years, but no calendar year shall be subject to audit more than once.

- (c) *Notice of intent to audit.* The Collective must file with the Copyright Royalty Judges a notice of intent to audit CPB and Covered Entities, which shall, within 30 days of the filing of the notice, publish in the Federal Register a notice announcing such filing. The notification of intent to audit shall be served at the same time on CPB. Any such audit shall be conducted by an independent and Qualified Auditor identified in the notice, and shall be binding on all parties.
- (d) Acquisition and retention of report. CPB and Covered Entities shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain or to provide access to any relevant books and records maintained by third parties for the purpose of the audit. The Collective shall retain the report of the verification for a period of not less than 3 years.
- (e) Consultation. Before rendering a written report to the Collective, except where the auditor has a reasonable basis to suspect fraud and disclosure would, in the reasonable opinion of the auditor, prejudice the investigation of such suspected fraud, the auditor shall review the tentative written findings of the audit with the appropriate agent or employee of CPB in order to remedy any factual errors and clarify any issues relating to the audit; Provided that an appropriate agent or employee of CPB reasonably cooperates with the auditor to remedy promptly any factual errors or clarify any issues raised by the audit.
- (f) Costs of the verification procedure. The Collective shall pay the cost of the verification procedure, unless it is finally determined that there was an underpayment of 10% or more, in which case CPB shall, in addition to paying the amount of any underpayment, bear the reasonable costs of the verification procedure.

§380.36 — Verification of royalty distributions.

- (a) *General*. This section prescribes procedures by which any Copyright Owner or Performer may verify the royalty distributions made by the Collective; provided, however, that nothing contained in this section shall apply to situations where a Copyright Owner or Performer and the Collective have agreed as to proper verification methods.
- (b) Frequency of Verification. A Copyright Owner or Performer may conduct a single audit of the Collective upon reasonable notice and during reasonable business hours, during any given calendar year, for any or all of the prior 3 calendar years, but no calendar year shall be subject to audit more than once.
- (c) Notice of Intent to Audit. A Copyright Owner or Performer must file with the Copyright Royalty Judges a notice of intent to audit the Collective, which shall, within 30 days of the filing of the notice, publish in the Federal Register a notice announcing such filing. The notification of intent to audit shall be served at the same time on the Collective. Any audit shall be conducted by an independent and Qualified Auditor identified in the notice, and shall be binding on all Copyright Owners and Performers.

- (d) Acquisition and Retention of Report. The Collective shall use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain or to provide access to any relevant books and records maintained by third parties for the purpose of the audit. The Copyright Owner or Performer requesting the verification procedure shall retain the report of the verification for a period of not less than 3 years.
- (e) Consultation. Before rendering a written report to a Copyright Owner or Performer, except where the auditor has a reasonable basis to suspect fraud and disclosure would, in the reasonable opinion of the auditor, prejudice the investigation of such suspected fraud, the auditor shall review the tentative written findings of the audit with the appropriate agent or employee of the Collective in order to remedy any factual errors and clarify any issues relating to the audit; Provided that the appropriate agent or employee of the Collective reasonably cooperates with the auditor to remedy promptly any factual errors or clarify any issues raised by the audit.
- (f) Costs of the Verification Procedure. The Copyright Owner or Performer requesting the verification procedure shall pay the cost of the procedure, unless it is finally determined that there was an underpayment of 10% or more, in which case the Collective shall, in addition to paying the amount of any underpayment, bear the reasonable costs of the verification procedure.

§380.37 — Unclaimed funds.

If the Collective is unable to identify or locate a Copyright Owner or Performer who is entitled to receive a royalty distribution under this subpart, the Collective shall retain the required payment in a segregated trust account for a period of 3 years from the date of distribution. No claim to such distribution shall be valid after the expiration of the 3-year period. After expiration of this period, the Collective may apply the unclaimed funds to offset any costs deductible under 17 U.S.C. 114(g)(3). The foregoing shall apply notwithstanding the common law or statutes of any State.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on February 24, 2015, I caused a copy of **JOINT MOTION TO**

ADOPT PARTIAL SETTLEMENT to be served via electronic mail and first-class, postage prepaid, United States mail, to the Participants as indicated below:

Participants

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Kevin Blair Brian Gantman Educational Media Foundation 5700 West Oaks Boulevard Rocklin, CA 95765 kblair@kloveair1.com bgantman@kloveair1.com Telephone: (916) 251-1600 Facsimile: (916) 251-1731 Educational Media Foundation	Donna K. Schneider Associate General Counsel, Litigation & IP iHeartMedia, Inc. 200 E. Basse Rd. San Antonio, TX 78209 DonnaSchneider@iheartmedia.com Telephone: (210) 832-3468 Facsimile: (210) 832-3127 iHeartMedia, Inc.
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